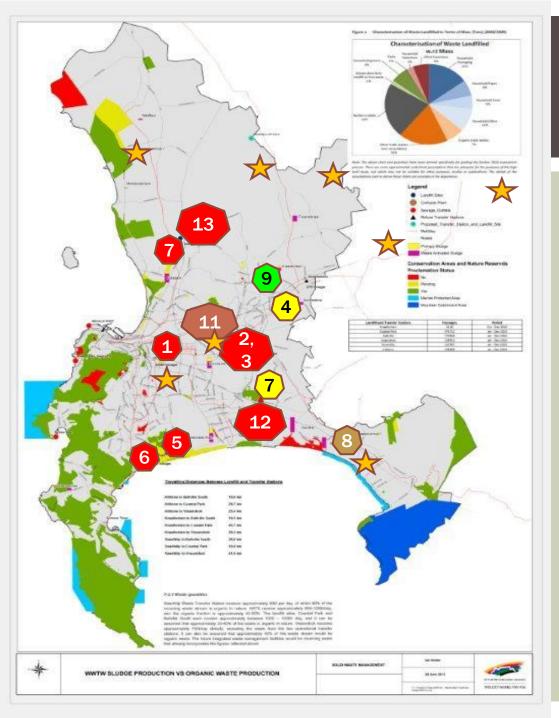
TRENDS AND OPPORTUNITIES – ORGANIC WASTE

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CURRENT TRENDS IN CAPE TOWN (W-E)

- Private sector AD facilities mostly planned: <u>Soil & More Reliance</u> (Klipheuwel, combined with composting), <u>Enviroserve</u> (pilot plant, Stikland), <u>Waste Mart/Farm Secure</u> (Athlone: mono waste food residue), some <u>chicken farms</u> (facilities established for on-site processing), pilot <u>pyrolysis plant</u> (Somerset West).
- City planning 3 LFG projects part of CDM: <u>Coastal Park</u> (electricity generation), <u>Bellville South</u> (gas for heating), <u>Vissershok</u> (option undecided, possibly gas for heating).
- City planning <u>sewage sludge AD plant</u> (near Vissershok).
- City <u>sewage sludge drying facility</u> (Cape Flats WWTW), needs major capital refurbishment... Industry opportunity RDF?
- City <u>pilot pyrolysis plant</u> (Kraaifontein) short term test.
- Regional: Drakenstein Municipality incineration + AD plant, Stellenbosch Municipality (considering AD), but...
- Waste tyres: key opportunity, but lots of work to get through SCM process to negotiate contracts (alternative to delayed REDISA).



Overview of Waste Management Opportunities in Cape Town

Subject to determining best appropriate options

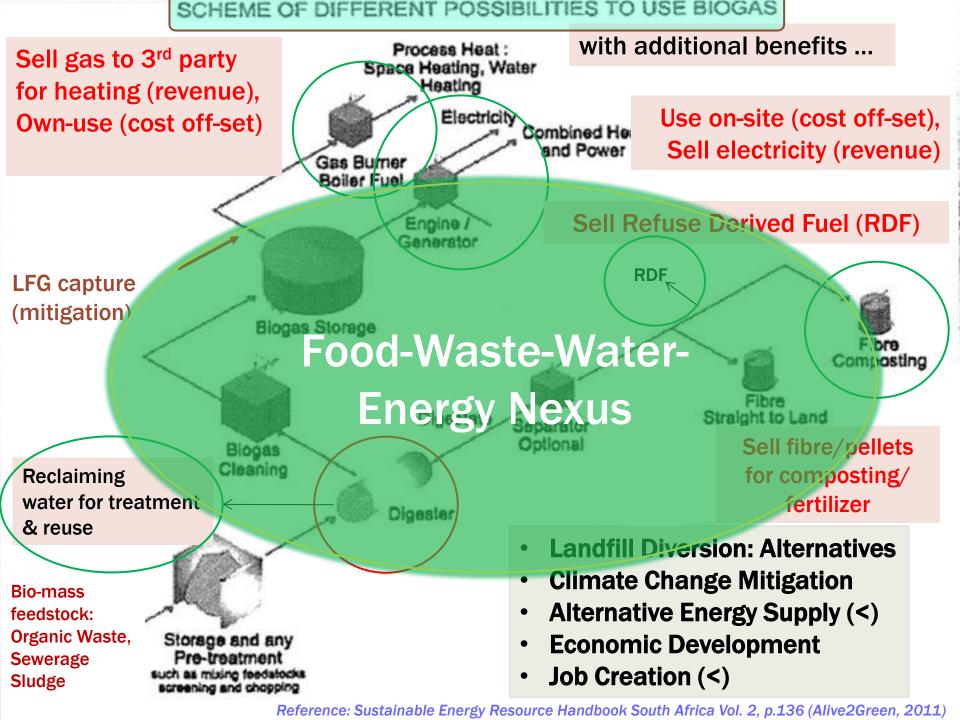
- Available, planned infrastructure.
- Scale (type, mass of waste):
- Potential private sector needs (projects – methane, refuse derived fuel, other).
- Synergies with industry?
- Best appropriate long-term solutions?

Projects or contracts in both SWM Dept. and W&S Dept:

- Composting,
- Building & demolition rubble
- Landfills (LFG)
- WWT Bio-mass, organic solid waste (AD)
- IWM sites (separate/recycle).

OPPORTUNITIES FOR ****

- Opportunities to maximise reuse, recycling and recovery depend on:
 - Processing & Manufacturing capacity & proximity
 - Market development: materials & goods
 - Export of beneficiated materials & finished goods
- Major shifts need in thinking to address <u>problem wastes</u> and <u>large volume wastes</u>
- Contextual, cannot generalise depends on local economy and location relative to major economic centres where processing capacity is situated.
- <u>High energy value materials</u>: recycling and reuse (including composting is competition to W-E, but is necessary in terms of natural resource use.
- Focus for municipalities and the private sector should be on organic materials (GHG mitigation).



OBSTACLES TO MOVING FORWARD

- Energy sector legislation: key obstacle to small scale projects.
 - Special policy, e.g. REIPPP far too expensive and complex.
- Lack of fiscal legislation supporting sustainable green projects
 (e.g. levies, special tariff dispensations, etc.)
 - Type: where is payment effected (e.g. pre- or post-consumption)?
- Lack of <u>structure</u>, <u>standards in biogas industry</u>.
- National Waste Collection Standard: incorrect focus to achieve a "by science objective" regarding climate change
- Investors/ Funders: risk averse call for guarantees, and expectations for ROI are unrealistic and unsustainable.
- Government-assisted interventions necessary to initiate and establish key sectors (e.g. German energy industry: PV scheme).
- MFMA/ SCM/ local govt. legislation: causes lost opportunities.
- Industry Waste Management Plans and Extended Producer Responsibility (EPR).